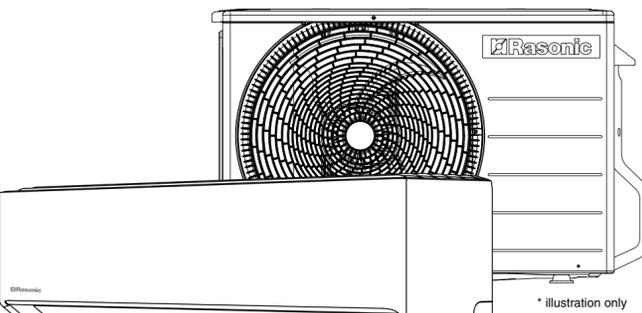


Installation Instruction

Air conditioner



* illustration only

MODEL NO : RS/RU-YU18** (2.0HP)
RS/RU-YU24** (2.5HP)

CAUTION

R32 REFRIGERANT

This Air Conditioner contains and operates with refrigerant R32.

THIS PRODUCT MUST ONLY BE INSTALLED OR SERVICED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

Refer to National, State, Territory and local legislation, regulations, codes, installation & operation manuals, before the installation, maintenance and/or service of this product.

	WARNING	This symbol shows that this equipment uses a mildly flammable refrigerant. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that the Installation Manual should be read carefully.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that a service personnel should be handling this equipment with reference to the Installation Manual.
	CAUTION	This symbol shows that there is information included in the Operation Manual and/or Installation Manual.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Read the following "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully before installation.
- Electrical work must be installed by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model to be installed.
- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harm or damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.

	WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.	The items to be followed are classified by symbols:		Symbol with white background denotes item that is PROHIBITED.
	CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to properties only.			Symbol with dark background denotes item that must be carried out.

- Carry out test running to confirm that no abnormally occurs after the installation. Then, explain to user the operation, care and maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructions for future reference.
- WARNING**
- Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. Any unit method or using incompatible material may cause product damage, burst and serious injury.
- Do not install outdoor unit near handrail of veranda. When installing air conditioner unit on veranda of a high rise building, child may climb up to outdoor unit and pass over the handrail causing an accident.
- Do not use unshielded joint cord or extension cord for power supply cord. Do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Poor contact, poor insulation or over current will cause electrical shock or fire.
- Do not tie up the power supply cord into a bundle by hand. Abnormal temperature rise on power supply cord may happen.
- Do not insert your fingers or other objects into the unit, high speed rotating fan may cause injury.
- Do not sit or step on the unit, you may fall down accidentally.
- Keep plastic bag (packaging material) away from small children, it may cling to nose and mouth and prevent breathing.
- When installing or relocating air conditioner, do not let any substance other than the specified refrigerant, eg. air etc. mix into refrigeration cycle (piping). Mixing of air etc. will cause abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
- Do not pierce or burn as the appliance is pressurized. Do not expose the appliance to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
- Do not add or replace refrigerant other than specified type. It may cause product damage, burst and injury etc.
- For R32/R410A model, use piping, flare nut and tools which is specified for R32/R410A refrigerant. Using of existing (R22) piping, flare nut and tools may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle (piping), and possibly result in explosion and injury.
- For R32 and R410A, the same flare nut on the outdoor unit side and pipe can be used.
- Since the working pressure for R32/R410A is higher than that of refrigerant R22 model, replacing conventional piping and flare nuts on the outdoor unit side are recommended.
- If reuse piping is unavoidable, refer to instruction "IN CASE OF REUSING EXISTING REFRIGERANT PIPING"
- Thickness of copper pipes used with R32/R410A must be more than 0.8 mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm.
- It is desirable that the amount of residual oil less than 40 mg/10 m.
- Engage authorized dealer or specialist for installation.
- If installation done by the user is incorrect, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.
- For refrigeration system work, install according to this installation instructions strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause water leakage, electrical shock or fire.
- Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation. Otherwise, it will cause the set to fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.
- Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand weight of the set. If the strength is not enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.
- For electrical work, follow the national regulation, legislation and this installation instructions. An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity is not enough or defect found in the electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.
- Do not use joint cable for indoor / outdoor connection cable. Use the specified indoor/outdoor connection cable, refer to instruction ⑤ **CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT** and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Clamp the cable so that no external force will have impact on the terminal. If connection or fixing is not perfect, it will cause heat up or fire at the connection.
- Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control board cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause fire or electrical shock.
- This equipment is strongly recommended to be installed with Earth Leakage Circuit Breaker (ELCB) or Residual Current Device (RCD), with sensitivity of 30 mA at 0.1 sec or less. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock and fire in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.
- During installation, install the refrigerant piping properly before running the compressor. Operation of compressor without fixing refrigerant piping and valves at opened position will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
- During pump down operation, stop the compressor before removing the refrigeration piping. Removal of refrigeration piping while compressor is operating and valves are opened will cause suck-in of air, abnormal high pressure in refrigeration cycle and result in explosion, injury etc.
- Tighten the flare nut with torque wrench according to specified method. If the flare nut is over-tightened, after a long period, the flare may break and cause refrigerant gas leakage.
- After completion of installation, confirm there is no leakage of refrigerant gas. It may generate toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
- Ventilate if there is refrigerant gas leakage during operation. It may cause toxic gas when the refrigerant contacts with fire.
- Be aware that refrigerants may not contain an odour.

- This equipment must be properly earthed. Earth line must not be connected to gas pipe, water pipe, earth of lightning rod and telephone. Otherwise, it may cause electrical shock in case of equipment breakdown or insulation breakdown.

- CAUTION**
- Do not install the unit in a place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding of the unit, it may cause fire.
- Prevent liquid or vapor from entering sumps or sewers since vapor is heavier than air and may form suffocating atmospheres.
- Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, re-installation and during repairing refrigeration parts.
- Take care of the liquid refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.
- Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the ceiling, etc.
- Do not touch the sharp aluminium fin, sharp parts may cause injury.
- Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions.
- If drainage is not perfect, water may enter the room and damage the furniture.
- Select an installation location which is easy for maintenance. Incorrect installation, service or repair of this air conditioner may increase the risk of rupture and this may result in loss damage or injury and/or property.
- Power supply connection to the room air conditioner.
- Use power supply cord 3 x 1.5 mm² (2.0HP), 3 x 2.5 mm² (2.5HP) type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.
- Connect the power supply cord of the air conditioner to the mains using one of the following method.
- Power supply point should be in easily accessible place for power disconnection in case of emergency.
- In some countries, permanent connection of this air conditioner to the power supply is prohibited.
- 1) Power supply connection to the receptacle using power plug. Use an approved 16 A (2.0HP) or 20 A (2.5HP) power plug with earth pin for the connection to the socket.
- 2) Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16 A (2.0HP) or 20 A (2.5HP) circuit breaker for the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3.0 mm contact gap.
- 3) Installation work. It may need two people to carry out the installation work.
- 4) Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction.

PRECAUTION FOR USING R32 REFRIGERANT

- Pay careful attention to the following points and the installation work procedures.
- WARNING**
- The appliance shall be stored, installed and operated in a well ventilated room with indoor floor area larger than A_{in} (m²) [refer Table A] and without any continuously operating ignition source. Keep away from open flames, any operating gas appliances or any operating electric heater. Else, it may explode and cause injury or death.
- The mixing of different refrigerants within a system is prohibited. Models that use refrigerant R32 and R410A have a different charging port thread diameter to prevent erroneous charging with refrigerant R22 and for safety.
- A logbook shall be maintained. The results of these checks shall be recorded in the logbook.
- Ensure that foreign matter (oil, water, etc.) does not enter the piping.
- Also, when storing the piping, securely seal the opening by pinching, taping, etc. (Handling of R32 is similar to R410A.)
- Operation, maintenance, repairing and refrigerant recovery should be carried out by trained and certified personnel in the use of flammable refrigerants and as recommended by the manufacturer. Any personnel conducting an operation, servicing or maintenance on a system shall be trained and certified.
- Any part of refrigerating circuit (evaporators, air coolers, AHU, condensers or liquid receivers) or piping should not be located in the proximity of heat sources, open flames, operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater.
- The user/owner or their authorized representative shall regularly check the alarms, mechanical ventilation and detectors, at least once a year, where as required by national regulations, to ensure their correct functioning.
- A logbook shall be maintained. The results of these checks shall be recorded in the logbook.
- In case of ventilations in occupied spaces shall be checked to confirm no obstruction.
- Before a new refrigerating system is put into service, the person responsible for placing the system in operation should ensure that trained and certified operating personnel are instructed on the basis of the instruction manual about the construction, supervision, operation and maintenance of the refrigerating system, as well as the safety measures to be observed, and the properties and handling of the refrigerant used.
- The general requirement of trained and certified personnel are indicated as below:
 - a) Knowledge of legislation, regulations and standards relating to flammable refrigerants; and,
 - b) Detailed knowledge of and skills in handling flammable refrigerants, personal protective equipment, refrigerant leakage prevention, handling of cylinders, charging, leak detection, recovery and disposal; and,
 - c) Able to understand and to apply in practice the requirements in the national legislation, regulations and Standards; and,
 - d) Continuously undergo regular and further training to maintain this expertise.
- Air-conditioner piping in the occupied space shall be installed in such a way to protect against accidental damage in operation and service.
- Precautions shall be taken to avoid excessive vibration or pulsation to refrigerating piping.
- Ensure protection devices, refrigerating piping and fittings are well protected against adverse environmental effects (such as the danger of water collecting and freezing in relief pipes or the accumulation of dirt and debris).
- Expansion and contraction of long runs piping in refrigerating systems shall be designed and installed securely (mounted and guarded) to minimize the likelihood of hydraulic shock damaging the system.
- Protect the refrigerating systems from accidental rupture due to moving furniture or reconstruction activities.
- To ensure no leaking, field-made refrigerant joints indoors shall be tightness tested. The test method shall have a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0.25 times the maximum allowable pressure (1.04MPa, max 4.15MPa). No leak shall be detected.

- 2-10. Checks to electrical devices**
- Repair and maintenance of electrical components shall include initial safety checks and component inspection procedures.
- Initial safety checks shall include but not limit to:-
 - That capacitors are discharged; this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking.
 - That there is no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system.
 - That there is continuity of earth bonding.
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily repaired.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- The owner of the equipment must be informed or reported so all parties are advised thereafter.

- 3. Repairs to sealed components**
- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected. This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.
- Ensure that apparatus is mounted securely.
- Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded such that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

- 4. Repair to intrinsically safe components**
- Do not apply any permanent inductive or capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permissable for the equipment.
- Intrinsically safe components are the only types that can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere.
- The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating.
- Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Unspecified parts by manufacturer may result ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak.

- 5. Cabling**
- Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects.
- The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans.

- 6. Detection of refrigerant leaks**
- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching or detection of refrigerant leaks.
- A hand torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used.
- The following leak detection methods are deemed acceptable for all refrigerant systems.
 - No leaks shall be detected when using detection equipment with a sensitivity of 5 grams per year of refrigerant or better under a pressure of at least 0.25 times the maximum allowable pressure (>1.0MPa, max 4.15MPa) for example, a universal sniffer.
 - Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect flammable refrigerants, but the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need recalibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
 - Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used.
 - Leak detection equipment shall be set at a percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed.
 - Leak detection fluids are also suitable for use with most refrigerants, for example, bubble method and fluorescent method agents. The use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
 - If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be removed/extinguished.
 - If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak. The precautions in #7 must be followed to remove the refrigerant.

- 7. Removal and evacuation**
- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs – or for any other purpose – conventional procedures shall be used. However, it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration – conventional procedures shall be adhered to:
 - Remove refrigerant -> purge the circuit with inert gas -> evacuate -> purge with inert gas -> open the circuit (venting or brazing)
- The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the correct recovery cylinders.
- The system shall be purged with OFN to render the appliance safe. (remark: OFN = oxygen free nitrogen, type of inert gas)
- This process may need to be repeated several times.
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for this task.
- Purging shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum.
- This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place.
- This operation is absolutely vital if brazing operations on the pipe work are to take place.
- Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any potential ignition sources and there is ventilation available.

CAUTION

- 1. General**
 - Must ensure the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a minimum. Avoid use dented pipe and do not allow acute bending.
 - Must ensure that pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
 - Must comply with national gas regulations, state municipal rules and legislation.
 - Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations.
 - Must ensure mechanical connections be accessible for maintenance purposes.
 - In cases that require mechanical ventilation, ventilation openings shall be kept clear of obstruction.
 - When disconnection of the piping is necessary, do follow the precautions in #1 and comply with national regulations.
 - In case of field charge, the effect on refrigerant charge caused by the different pipe length has to be quantified, measured and labelled. Always contact to local municipal offices for proper handling.
 - Ensure the actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
 - Ensure refrigerant charge not to leak.
 - Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant.
 - Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away.
- 2. Servicing**
 - 2-1. Qualification of workers**
 - Any qualified person who is involved with working on or breaking into a refrigerant circuit should hold a current valid certificate from an industry-accredited assessment authority, which authorizes their competence to handle refrigerants safely in accordance with an industry recognized assessment specification.
 - Service shall only be performed as recommended by the equipment manufacturer. Maintenance and repair requiring the assistance of other skilled personnel shall be carried out under the supervision of the person competent in the use of flammable refrigerants.
 - Service shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.
 - The system is inspected, regularly supervised and maintained by a trained and certified service personnel who is employed by the person user or party responsible.
 - 2-2. Checks to the area**
 - Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised.
 - The system is inspected, regularly supervised and maintained by a trained and certified service personnel who is employed by the person user or party responsible.
 - 2-3. Work procedure**
 - Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimize the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.
 - 2-4. General work area**
 - All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed and supervised on the nature of work being carried out.
 - Avoid working in confined spaces. Always ensure away from source, at least 2 meter of safety distance, or zoning of free space area at least 2 meter in radius.
 - 2-5. Checking for presence of refrigerant**
 - The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially flammable atmospheres.
 - Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with flammable refrigerants, i.e. non sparking, adequately checked and shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants.
 - In case of leakage/spillage happened, immediately ventilate area and stay upwind and away from spill/release.
 - In case of leakage/spillage happened, do not notify persons down wind of the leaking/spill, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out.
 - 2-6. Presence of fire extinguisher**
 - Any hot work to be conducted on the refrigerating equipment or any associated parts, appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available at hand.
 - Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
 - 2-7. No ignition sources**
 - No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigerating system which involves exposing any pipe work that contains or has contained flammable refrigerant shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion. He/She must not be smoking when carrying out such work.
 - All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which flammable refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
 - Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks.
 - "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
 - 2-8. Ventilated area**
 - Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
 - A degree of ventilation shall continue during the period that the work is carried out.
 - The ventilation shall avoid safely dispose any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.
 - 2-9. Checks to the refrigerating equipment**
 - Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification.
 - At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
 - If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance.
 - The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants.
 - The actual refrigerant charge is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed.
 - The ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed.
 - If an indirect refrigerant circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant.
 - Marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected.
 - Refrigerating pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corroded refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are properly protected against being so corroded.
- 8. Charging procedures**
 - In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.
 - Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment.
 - Hoses or lines shall be used to minimize the amount of refrigerant contained in them.
 - Cylinders shall be kept in an appropriate position according to the instructions.
 - Ensure that the refrigerating system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
 - Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
 - Extreme care shall be taken not to over fill the refrigerating system.
 - Prior to recharging the system it shall be pressure tested with OFN (refer to #7)
 - The system shall be leak tested on completion of charging but prior to commissioning.
 - Follow up leak testing and components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corroded refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are properly protected against being so corroded.
 - Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging and discharging the refrigerant.
 - To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.
- 9. Decommissioning**
 - Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its details.
 - It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
 - Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of recovered refrigerant.
 - It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
 - a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
 - b) Isolate system electrically.
 - c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
 - mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
 - all personal protective equipment available and being used correctly;
 - the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
 - recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
 - Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
 - If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
 - Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
 - Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with instructions.
 - Do not over fill cylinders. (No more than 80 % volume liquid charge).
 - Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
 - When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
 - Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigerating system unless it has been cleaned and checked.
 - Electrostatic charge may accumulate and create a hazardous condition when charging or discharging the refrigerant.
 - To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before charging/discharging.
- 10. Labelling**
 - Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
 - The label shall be dated and signed.
 - Ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.
- 11. Recovery**
 - When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
 - When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
 - Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
 - All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
 - Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
 - Recovery cylinders are evacuated as possible, before recovery occurs.
 - The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerant.
 - In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
 - Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
 - Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
 - Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
 - The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.
 - Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
 - If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
 - The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
 - Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process.
 - When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

1 Phillips screw driver	6 Pipe cutter	11 Thermometer	16 Torque wrench
2 Level gauge	7 Reamer	12 Megameter	18 N•m (1.8 kg•m)
3 Electric drill, hole core drill (Ø70 mm)	8 Knife	13 Multimeter	42 N•m (4.3 kg•m)
4 Hexagonal wrench (4 mm)	9 Gas leak detector	14 Vacuum pump	65 N•m (6.6 kg•m)
5 Spanner	10 Measuring tape	15 Gauge manifold	100 N•m (10.2 kg•m)

No.	Accessories part	Qty.	No.	Accessories part	Qty.
1	Installation plate	1	6	Remote control holder fixing screw	2
2	Installation plate fixing screw	5	7	Drain elbow	1
3	Remote Control	1	8	Filter	1
4	Battery	2	Piping size		
5	Remote control holder	1	Applicable piping kit		
				Gas	Liquid
			CZ-3F5, 7BP	9.52 mm (3/8")	6.35 mm (1/4")
			CZ-4F5, 7, 10BP	12.7 mm (1/2")	6.35 mm (1/4")
			CZ-5F5, 7, 10BP	15.88 mm (5/8")	6.35 mm (1/4")

INDOOR UNIT	OUTDOOR UNIT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Do not install the unit in excessive oil fume area such as kitchen, workshop and etc. There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit. There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation. A place where air circulation in the room is good. A place where drainage can be easily done. A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration. Do not install the unit near the door way. Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles. Indoor unit of this air conditioner shall be installed in a height of at least 1.8 m. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed. There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged. Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles. Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the discharged air. If piping length is over the [piping length for additional gas], additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the (Table A).

Model	Capacity (HP)	Piping size (Gas / Liquid)	Std. Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Min. Piping Length (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)	Piping Length for add. gas (m)	Max. Refrigerant Charge (kg)	A _{min} (m ²)
YU18**	2.0HP	12.70 mm / 6.35 mm	5	20	3	30	15	10	1.20	Not applicable (*)
YU24**	2.5HP	(1/2") / (1/4")	5	20	3	30	15	10	1.43	Not applicable (*)

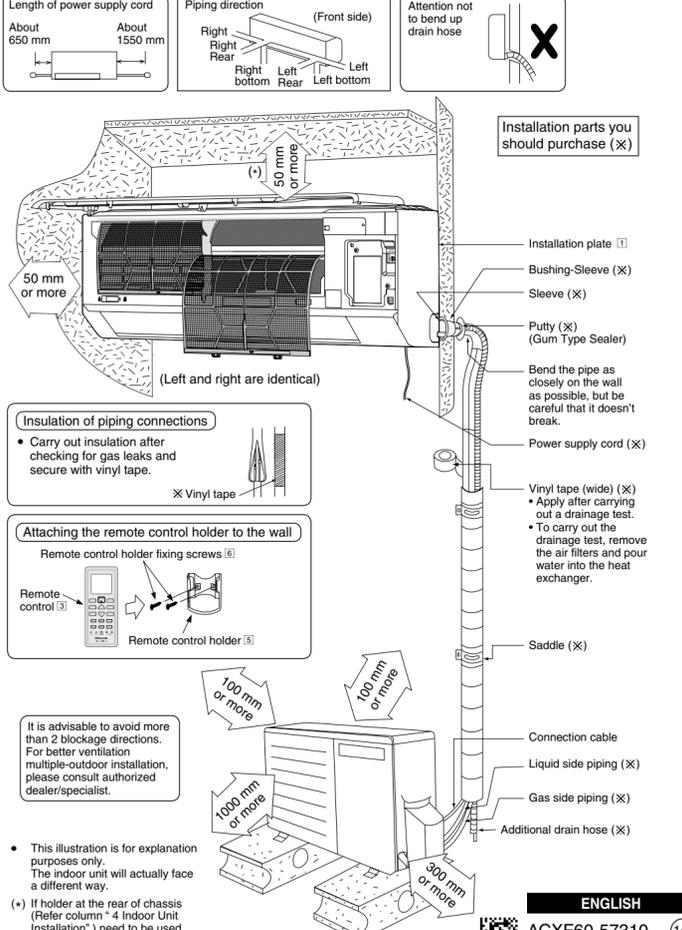
Example: For YU18**
If the unit is installed at 15 m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be => 15 m (distance) - 10 m (piping length for additional gas) => 5 m
=> 5 m x 15 g/m (additional Refrigerant) => 75 g

$A_{min} = (Re / (2.5 \times (LFL)^{0.66} \times h_o))^2$ ** not less than safety factor margin
Re = Refrigerant charge in litre, in m³
LFL = Refrigerant charge in amount, in kg
m³ = Lower flammability limit (0.307 kg/m³)
h_o = Installation height of the appliance : (1.8 m for wall mounted)
SF = Safety factor with a value of 0.75

(*)=> Systems with total refrigerant charge, m_o lower than 1.84 kg are not subjected to any room area requirements.

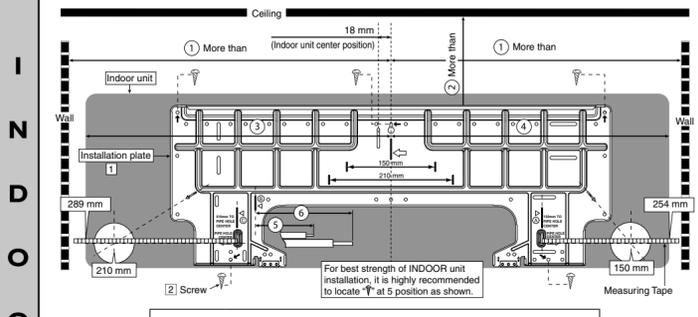
** The required minimum room area, shall also be governed by the safety factor margin formula below :
 $A_{min} = m_o / (SF \times LFL \times h_o)$ The higher value shall be taken when determining the room area.

Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram



1 SELECT THE BEST LOCATION (Refer to "Select the best location" section)

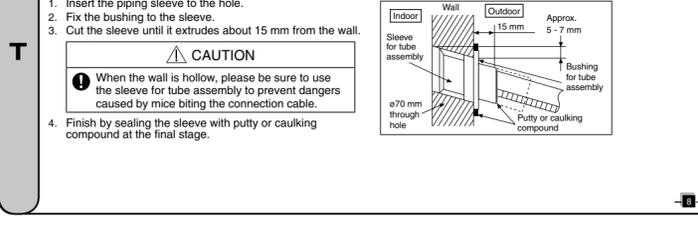
2 HOW TO FIX INSTALLATION PLATE



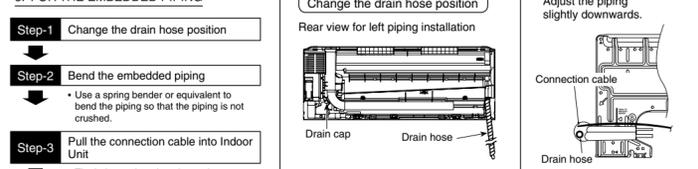
Dimension					
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥
600 mm	67 mm (-)	550 mm	511 mm	238 mm	288 mm

- The center of installation plate should be at more than ① at right and left of the wall.
 - The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than ②.
 - From installation plate center to unit's left side is ③.
 - From installation plate center to unit's right side is ④.
 - For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about ⑤ from this line.
 - For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about ⑥ from this line.
 - Alternatively, liquid and gas piping connection location reference is marked on installation plate.
- Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more (at least 5 screws). (If mounting the unit on the concrete wall, consider using anchor bolts.)
 - Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.
 - Drill the piping plate hole with $\phi 70$ mm hole-core drill.
 - Line according to the left and right side of the installation plate. The meeting point of the extended line is the center of the hole. Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagram above. The hole center is obtained by measuring the distance namely 210 mm for left and 150 mm for right hole respectively.
 - Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanting to the outdoor side.

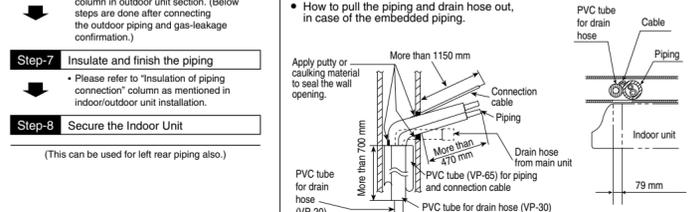
3 TO DRILL A HOLE IN THE WALL AND INSTALL A SLEEVE OF PIPING



4 INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION



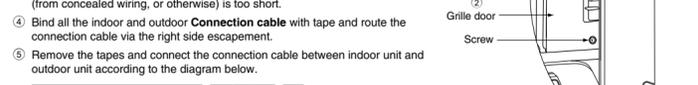
- FOR THE RIGHT REAR PIPING**
 - Step-1 Pull out the Indoor piping
 - Step-2 Install the Indoor Unit
 - Step-3 Secure the Indoor Unit
 - Step-4 Insert the connection cable
- FOR THE RIGHT AND RIGHT BOTTOM PIPING**
 - Step-1 Pull out the Indoor piping
 - Step-2 Install the Indoor Unit
 - Step-3 Insert the connection cable
 - Step-4 Secure the Indoor Unit



5 CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT

The indoor and outdoor unit connection cable can be connected without removing the front grille.

- Install the indoor unit on the installing holder that mounted on the wall.
- Open the front panel and grille door by loosening the screw.
- Connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed, 4 x 1.5 mm² (2.0HP) or 4 x 2.5 mm² (2.5HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Do not use joint connection cable. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short.
- Bind all the indoor and outdoor connection cable with tape and route the connection cable via the right side escapement.
- Remove the tapes and connect the connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.

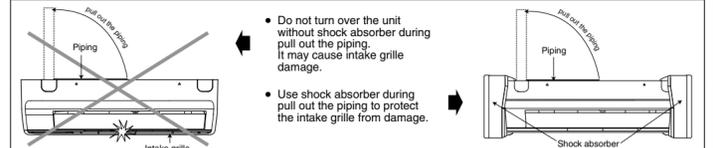


Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	④
Colour of wires (connection cable)	1	2	3	④
Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	④

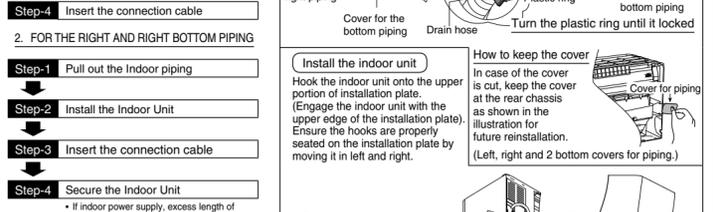
6 PIPING INSULATION

- Piping carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
- Wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

4 INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION



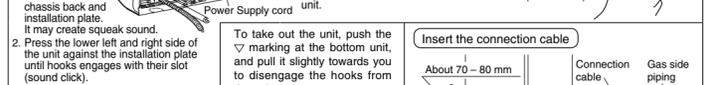
- FOR THE RIGHT REAR PIPING**
 - Step-1 Pull out the Indoor piping
 - Step-2 Install the Indoor Unit
 - Step-3 Secure the Indoor Unit
 - Step-4 Insert the connection cable
- FOR THE RIGHT AND RIGHT BOTTOM PIPING**
 - Step-1 Pull out the Indoor piping
 - Step-2 Install the Indoor Unit
 - Step-3 Insert the connection cable
 - Step-4 Secure the Indoor Unit



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- Remove the tapes and connect the connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit according to the diagram below.



Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	④
Colour of wires (connection cable)	1	2	3	④
Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	④

6 PIPING INSULATION

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- Wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

1 SELECT THE BEST LOCATION (Refer to "Select the best location" section)

2 INSTALL THE OUTDOOR UNIT

After selecting the best location, start installation to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.

- Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by bolt nut ($\phi 10$ mm).
- Make sure unit install in balance level to ensure that water flow out from unit drainage hole.
- When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake.
- Fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt, screws or nails.

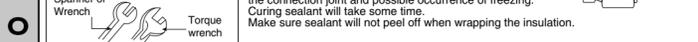
Model	A	B	C	D
2.0HP	540 mm	160 mm	18.5 mm	330 mm
2.5HP	613 mm	130 mm	24 mm	360.5 mm

3 CONNECT THE PIPING

Connecting The Piping to Indoor

For connection joint of all models Please make flare after inserting (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping) Connect the piping

- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.
- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



Connecting The Piping to Outdoor

Decide piping length and then cut it using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge. Make flare after inserting the flare nut (locate at valve) onto the copper pipe. Align center of piping to valve and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

Piping size	Torque
6.35 mm (1/4")	118 N·m (1.8 kgf·m)
9.52 mm (3/8")	142 N·m (4.3 kgf·m)
12.7 mm (1/2")	155 N·m (5.6 kgf·m)
15.88 mm (5/8")	165 N·m (6.6 kgf·m)
19.05 mm (3/4")	190 N·m (10.2 kgf·m)

5 CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT

Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.

- Connection cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 x 1.5 mm² (2.0HP) or 4 x 2.5 mm² (2.5HP) flexible cord, type designation 60245 IEC 57 or heavier cord. Do not use joint connection cable. Replace the wire if the existing wire (from concealed wiring, or otherwise) is too short.
- Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clammer).
- Attach the control board cover back to the original position with screw.
- For wire stripping and connection requirement, refer to instruction ⑤



6 PIPING INSULATION

- Piping carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
- Wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

4 AIR TIGHTNESS TEST ON THE REFRIGERATING SYSTEM

Do not purge the air with refrigerants but use a vacuum pump to vacuum the installation.

- There is no extra refrigerant in the outdoor unit for air purging.

Before system is charged with refrigerant and before the refrigerating system is put into operation, below site test procedure and acceptance criteria shall be verified by the certified technicians, and/or the installer.

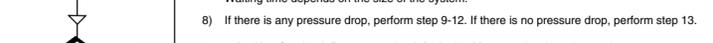
- Be sure to check whole system for gas leakage.



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Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.

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- Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clammer).
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6 PIPING INSULATION

- Piping carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.
- Wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.
- If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.

HOW TO TAKE OUT FRONT GRILLE

Please follow the steps below to take out front grille if necessary such as when installing or servicing.

- Set the vertical airflow vane to slightly downward.



- Slide 2 knobs on the upside of front grille (left and right) away from the center to release them.
- Slide 2 knobs on the upside of front grille to unlock position.
- Open front panel.
- Slide 2 knobs on the front grille to unlock position.
- Remove 2 screws on the front grille as shown in the illustration.
- Push 2 caps upward and remove 2 screws on the front grille as shown in the illustration.
- Pull the front grille towards you to remove the front grille.



SCREW CHASSIS TO INSTALLATION PLATE

Fasten the chassis to the installation plate with screws. (Self purchase. Screw size: M4, max. length 10 mm) to provide a neat appearance of indoor unit.



AUTO SWITCH OPERATION

The below operations will be performed by pressing the "AUTO" switch.

- AUTO OPERATION MODE**
The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto Switch is pressed and release within 5 sec.
- TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)**
The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto Switch is pressed continuously for more than 5 sec. to below 3 sec. A "pep" sound will occur at the fifth sec. in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation.
- REMOTE CONTROLLER RECEIVING SOUND ON/OFF**
The ON/OFF of Remote controller receiving sound can be change over by the following steps:
a) Press "AUTO" switch continuously for more than 16 sec. to below 21 sec. A "pep", "pep", "pep", "pep" sound will occur at the sixteenth sec.
b) Press the "AC Reset" button once, "pep" sound will occur indicates that Remote controller receiving sound setting mode is activated.
c) Press "AUTO" switch again. Everytime "AUTO" switch is pressed (within 60 sec. interval), Remote controller receiving sound status will be reversed between ON and OFF.
Long "peep" sound indicates that Remote controller receiving sound is ON.
Short "pep" sound indicates that Remote controller receiving sound is OFF.



DISPOSAL OF OUTDOOR UNIT DRAIN WATER

If a drain elbow is used, the unit should be placed on a stand which is taller than 5 cm.

- If the unit is used in an area where temperature falls below 0°C for 2 or 3 days in succession, it is recommended not to use a drain elbow, for the drain water freezes and the fan will not rotate.



CHECK THE DRAINAGE

- Open front panel and remove air filters.
- Drainage checking can be carried out without removing the front grille.
- Pour a glass of water into the drain tray-stryfoam.
- Ensure that water flows out from drain hose of the indoor unit.

EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE

- Operate the unit at cooling/heating operation mode for fifteen minutes or more.
- Measure the temperature of the intake and discharge air.
- Ensure the difference between the intake temperature and the discharge is more than 8°C during Cooling operation or more than 14°C during Heating operation.

Note:
During winter, turn on the power supply and standby the unit for at least 15 minutes before test run. Allow sufficient time to warm up refrigerant and prevent wrong error code judgement.

INSTALLATION OF FILTER

- Open the front panel.
- Remove the air filters.
- Put the anti-bacterial filter into place as shown in illustration at right.

IN CASE OF REUSING EXISTING REFRIGERANT PIPING

Observe the followings to decide reusing the existing refrigerant piping.

- Poor refrigerant piping could result in product failure.
- In the circumstances listed below, do not reuse any refrigerant piping. Instead, make sure to install a new piping.
 - Heat insulation is not provided for either liquid-side or gas-side piping or both.
 - The existing refrigerant pipe has been left in an open condition.
 - The diameter and thickness of the existing refrigerant piping does not meet the requirement.
 - The piping length and elevation does not meet the requirement.
- Perform proper pump down before reuse piping.
- In the circumstances listed below, clean it thoroughly before reuse.
 - Pump down operation cannot be performed for the existing air-conditioner.
 - The compressor has a failure history.
 - Oil color is darken. (ASTM 4.0 and above).
 - The existing air-conditioner is gas/oil heat pump type.
- Do not reuse the flare to prevent gas leak. Make sure to install a new flare.
- If there is a welded part on the existing refrigerant piping, conduct a gas leak check on the welded part.
- Replace deteriorated heat insulating material with a new one. Heat insulating material is required for both liquid-side and gas-side piping.

Proper Pump Down Method

- Operate air conditioner at cooling mode for 10 - 15 minutes.
- After 10 - 15 minutes of pre operation, close 2-way valve. After 3 minutes, close 3-way valve.
- Take out air conditioner unit.
- Install New Refrigerant air conditioner.



CHECK ITEMS

- Is there any abnormal sound?
- Is there any gas leakage at flare nut connections?
- Has the heat insulation been carried out at flare nut connection?
- Is the connection cable being fixed to terminal board firmly?
- Is the connection cable being clamped firmly?
- Is the drainage ok? (Refer to "Check the drainage" section)
- Is the indoor unit connection properly done?
- Is the earth wire properly hooked to the installation plate?
- Is the power supply voltage complied with rated value?
- Is the cooling/heating operation normal?
- Is the thermostat operation normal?
- Is the remote control's LCD operation normal?